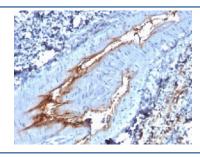


# vWF Antibody [clone VWF/1767] (V3418)

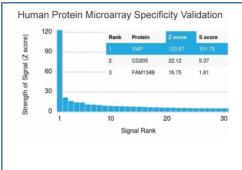
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V3418-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V3418-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V3418SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

# **Bulk quote request**

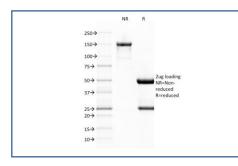
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
Clone Name	VWF/1767
Purity	Protein G affinity chromatography
UniProt	P04275
Localization	Cytoplasmic
Applications	ELISA: 2-4ug/ml (order BSA/azide-free format) Immunohistochemistry (FFPE): 1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT
Limitations	This vWF antibody is available for research use only.



IHC testing of FFPE human spleen with vWF antibody (clone VWF/1767). Required HIER: boil tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using vWF antibody (clone VWF/1767). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the VWF/1767 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free vWF antibody (clone VWF/1767) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

## **Description**

von Willebrand Factor (vWF) is a multimeric glycoprotein that is found in endothelial cells, plasma and platelets. It acts as a carrier protein for Factor VIII and promotes platelet adhesion and aggregation. vWF undergoes a variety of posttranslational modifications that influence the affinity and availability for Factor VIII, including cleavage of the propeptide and formation of N-terminal disulfide bonds. This antibody helps to establish the endothelial nature of some lesions of disputed histogenesis, e.g. Kaposi's sarcoma and cardiac myxoma. It is widely used for differentiating vascular lesions from those of other tissue differentiation within a panel of other vascular markers although not all tumors of endothelial differentiation contain this antigen.

### **Application Notes**

The optimal dilution of the vWF antibody for each application should be determined by the researcher.

#### **Immunogen**

Amino acids 1815-1939 from the human protein were used as the immunogen for this vWF antibody.

#### **Storage**

Store the vWF antibody at 2-8oC (with azide) or aliquot and store at -20oC or colder (without azide).