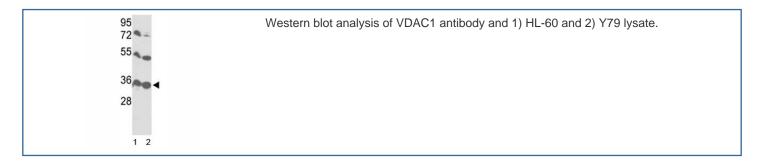


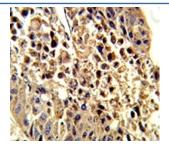
VDAC1 Antibody (F49743)

| Catalog No. | Formulation | Size |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F49743-0.4ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml |
| F49743-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

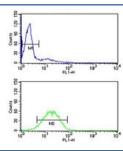
Bulk quote request

| Availability | 1-3 business days |
|----------------------|--|
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted Reactivity | Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Rabbit |
| Format | Purified |
| Clonality | Polyclonal (rabbit origin) |
| Isotype | Rabbit Ig |
| Purity | Purified |
| UniProt | P21796 |
| Applications | Western Blot : 1:1000 IHC (Paraffin) : 1:50-1:100 Flow Cytometry : 1:10-1:50 |
| Limitations | This VDAC1 antibody is available for research use only. |





IHC analysis of FFPE human hepatocarcinoma stained with VDAC1 antibody



VDAC1 antibody flow cytometry analysis of HL-60 cells (green) compared to a <u>negative</u> <u>control</u> (blue). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary Ab was used for the analysis.

Description

VDAC1 forms a channel through the mitochondrial outer membrane and also the plasma membrane. The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis. It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV. The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective. The protein may participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis.

Application Notes

Titration of the VDAC1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 95-124 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this VDAC1 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the VDAC1 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.