

## Transthyretin Antibody [clone TTR/4296] (V8720)

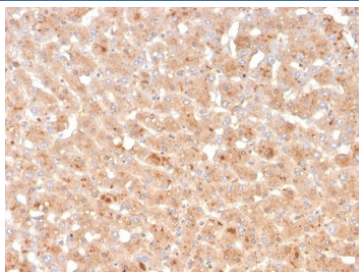
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V8720-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V8720-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V8720SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

[Bulk quote request](#)

<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Format</b>	Purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1, kappa
<b>Clone Name</b>	TTR/4296
<b>Purity</b>	Protein G affinity chromatography
<b>UniProt</b>	P02766
<b>Localization</b>	Secreted, cytoplasm
<b>Applications</b>	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT Western Blot : 2-4ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This Transthyretin antibody is available for research use only.



Western blot testing of human liver lysate with Transthyretin antibody. Predicted molecular weight ~16 kDa.

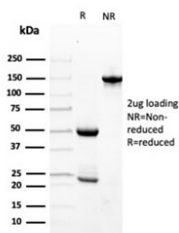


IHC staining of FFPE human liver with Transthyretin antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.

Human Protein Microarray Specificity Validation



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Transthyretin antibody. These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the TTR/4296 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Transthyretin antibody as confirmation of integrity and purity.

## Description

Prealbumin, also designated transthyretin, is a major thyroid-hormone binding protein involved in transporting thyroxine from the bloodstream to the brain. Prealbumin is located in the cytoplasm and in the vesicles of developing rat brain cells, and is thought to be transported there from the cerebrospinal fluid via endocytosis. Sequence variants of this protein have been identified in amyloid fibrils from patients with familial amyloidotic polyneuropathy (FAP), the most common form of hereditary systemic amyloidosis. Although the biologically active form of Prealbumin is a tetramer, the amyloidogenic intermediate is thought to be a monomeric species. Prealbumin also binds to the retinol carrier protein RBP (retinol-binding protein).

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Transthyretin antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Recombinant human full-length protein was used as the immunogen for the Transthyretin antibody.

## Storage

Store the Transthyretin antibody at 2-8°C (with azide) or aliquot and store at -20°C or colder (without azide).

