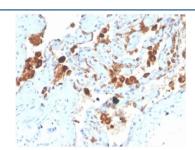


Surfactant protein D Antibody / SFTPD [clone SFTPD/4363] (V9563)

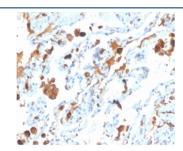
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V9563-100UG	0.2~mg/ml in 1X PBS with $0.1~mg/ml$ BSA (US sourced), $0.05%$ sodium azide	100 ug
V9563-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V9563SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

Bulk quote request

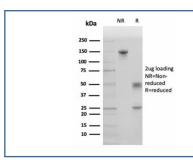
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG2c, kappa
Clone Name	SFTPD/4363
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	P35247
Localization	Secreted
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This Surfactant protein D antibody is available for research use only.



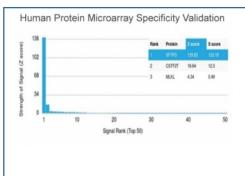
IHC staining of FFPE human lung tissue with Surfactant Protein D antibody (clone SFTPD/4363). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



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SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Surfactant protein D antibody (clone SFTPD/4363) as confirmation of integrity and purity.



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Surfactant protein D antibody (clone SFTPD/4363). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the SFTPD/4363 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.

Description

Pulmonary surfactant is primarily responsible for lowering the surface tension at the air-liquid interface in the alveoli, a process that is essential for normal respiration. Pulmonary surfactant is a mixture of phospholipids and proteins, including four distinct surfactant-associated proteins (SPs), SP-A, SP-B, SP-C, SP-D. SP-B and SP-C are predominantly hydrophobic proteins that associate with lipids to promote the absorption of surfactant phospholipids and to reduce the surface tension in the alveoli. SP-A and SP-D are large multimeric proteins belonging to the family of calcium-dependent lectins, designated Collectins, which contribute to the innate immune system. Both SP-A and SP-D have been shown to protect against microbial challenge through binding to the lipid components of the bacterial cell wall and facilitating the rapid removal of microbials.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Surfactant protein D antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 241-336 was used as the immunogen for the Surfactant protein D antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the Surfactant protein D antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.