

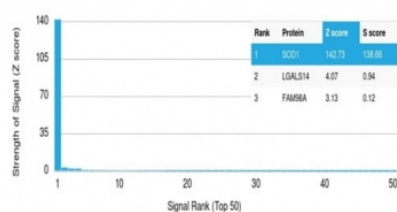
Superoxide Dismutase 1 Antibody / SOD1 [clone SOD1/2089] (V8968)

| Catalog No. | Formulation | Size |
|----------------|---|--------|
| V8968-100UG | 0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide | 100 ug |
| V8968-20UG | 0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide | 20 ug |
| V8968SAF-100UG | 1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free | 100 ug |

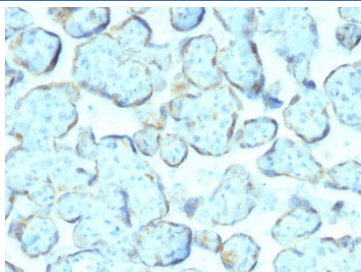
[Bulk quote request](#)

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Availability | 1-3 business days |
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Format | Purified |
| Host | Mouse |
| Clonality | Monoclonal (mouse origin) |
| Isotype | Mouse IgG2b, kappa |
| Clone Name | SOD1/2089 |
| Purity | Protein A/G affinity |
| UniProt | P00441 |
| Localization | Cytoplasmic, nuclear |
| Applications | Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml |
| Limitations | This Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody is available for research use only. |

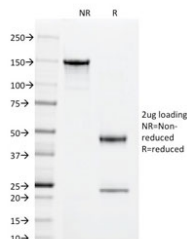
Human Protein Microarray Specificity Validation



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody (clone SOD1/2089). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the SOD1/2089 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



IHC staining of FFPE human placental tissue with Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody (clone SOD1/2089). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody (clone SOD1/2089) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

Description

Cu-Zn superoxide dismutase-1 (SOD-1) is a well-characterized cytosolic scavenger of oxygen free radicals that requires copper and zinc binding to potentiate its enzymatic activity. Enzymatically, SOD-1 facilitates the dismutation of oxygen radicals to hydrogen peroxide and also catalyzes pro-oxidant reactions, which include the peroxidase activity and hydroxyl radical generating activity. SOD-1 is ubiquitously expressed in somatic cells and functions as a homodimer. Defects in the gene encoding SOD-1 have been implicated in the progression of neurological diseases, including amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), a neurodegenerative disease characterized by the loss of spinal motor neurons, Down syndrome and Alzheimer's disease. In familial ALS, several mutations in SOD-1 predominate, resulting in the loss of zinc binding, the loss of scavenging activity of SOD-1, and correlate with an increase in neurotoxicity and motor neuron death.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Recombinant full-length human SOD1 protein was used as the immunogen for the Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the Superoxide Dismutase 1 antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.