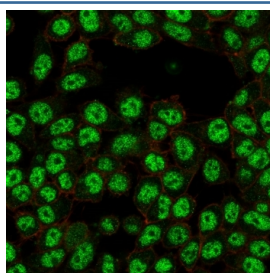


RELA Antibody / p65 NF-kB [clone PCRP-RELA-2B6] (V9238)

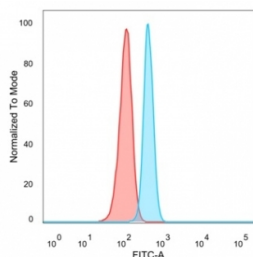
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V9238-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V9238-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V9238SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

[Bulk quote request](#)

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Format	Purified
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Clone Name	PCRP-RELA-2B6
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	Q04206
Localization	Nucleus, Cytoplasm
Applications	Flow Cytometry : 1-2ug/million cells Immunofluorescence : 1-2ug/ml Western Blot : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This RELA antibody is available for research use only.

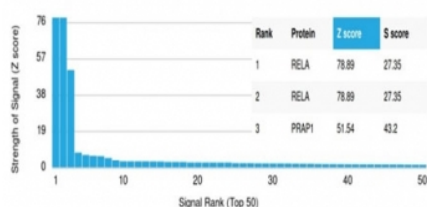


Immunofluorescent staining of PFA-fixed human HeLa cells using RELA antibody (green, clone PCRP-RELA-2B6) and phalloidin (red).

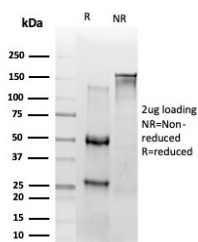


FACS staining of PFA-fixed human HeLa cells with REL A antibody (blue, clone PCRP-REL A-2B6) and isotype control (red).

Human Protein Microarray Specificity Validation



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using REL A antibody (clone PCRP-REL A-2B6). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the PCRP-REL A-2B6 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free REL A antibody (PCRP-REL A-2B6) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

Description

Proteins encoded by the v-Rel viral oncogene and its cellular homolog, c-Rel, are members of a family of transcription factors that include the two subunits of the transcription factor NF- κ B (p50 and p65) and the Drosophila maternal morphogen, dorsal. Both proteins specifically bind to DNA sequences that are the same or slight variations of the 10 bp B sequence in the immunoglobulin light chain enhancer. This same sequence is also present in a number of other cellular and viral enhancers. The DNA binding activity of NF- κ B is activated and NF- κ B is subsequently transported from the cytoplasm to the nucleus in cells exposed to mitogens or growth factors. cDNAs encoding precursors for two distinct proteins of the same size have been described, designated p105 and p100. The p105 precursor contains p50 at its N-terminus and a C-terminal region that when expressed as a separate molecule, designated p Δ 1, binds to p50 and regulates its activity.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the REL A antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Recombinant full-length human Transcription factor p65 protein was used as the immunogen for the REL A antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the REL A antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

