

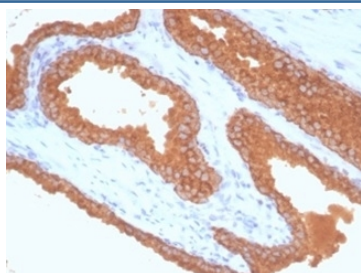
Recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen Antibody / PSA [clone KLK3/7128R] (V9652)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V9652-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V9652-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V9652SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

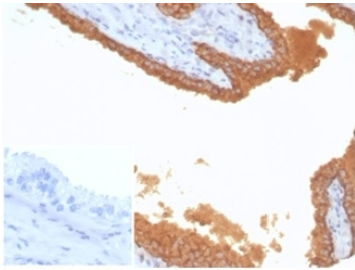
Recombinant **RABBIT MONOCLONAL**

[Bulk quote request](#)

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG, kappa
Clone Name	KLK3/7128R
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	P07288
Localization	Secreted
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human prostate carcinoma tissue with recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody (clone KLK3/7128R). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



IHC staining of FFPE human prostate carcinoma tissue with recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody (clone KLK3/7128R) at 2ug/ml. Negative control inset: PBS instead of primary antibody to control for secondary binding. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.

Description

Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) is a single-chain glycoprotein of 237 amino acids containing approximately 8% carbohydrate. It is a serine protease produced almost exclusively by prostatic epithelial cells. Immunohistochemically PSA is expressed in the highly specialized apically-superficial layer of female and male secretory cells of the prostate gland, and is readily demonstrated in adenocarcinomas of the prostate in about 99% of the cases. There is a correlation between malignancy grade and intensity of staining, high grade carcinomas displaying weaker expression. About 1% of poorly differentiated carcinomas have been negative for PSA. Due to the high specificity of PSA for prostatic glandular epithelium, it is very useful in identifying prostatic carcinoma in the prostate and in the adjacent organs often affected by epithelial malignancies, i.e. rectum and urinary bladder. PSA may be used in a panel together with NKX3.1 and Prostein, which are at least as sensitive and slightly more specific than PSA.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 150-250 was used as the immunogen for the recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.