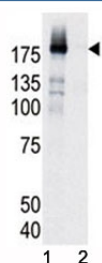


Phospho-EGFR Antibody (pY998) (F48503)

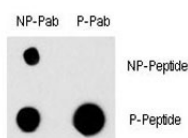
| Catalog No. | Formulation | Size |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F48503-0.4ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml |
| F48503-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

[Bulk quote request](#)

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Availability | 1-3 business days |
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted Reactivity | Mouse |
| Format | Antigen affinity purified |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal (rabbit origin) |
| Isotype | Rabbit Ig |
| Purity | Antigen affinity |
| UniProt | P00533 |
| Applications | Dot Blot : 1:500 Western Blot : 1:1000 |
| Limitations | This phospho-EGFR antibody is available for research use only. |



Western blot analysis of phospho-EGFR antibody and HeLa cell lysate, either induced (Lane 1) or noninduced with EGF (2).



Dot blot analysis of phospho-EGFR antibody and nonphospho EGFR pAb. 50ng of phosphopeptide or nonphosphopeptide per dot were spotted.

Description

Epidermal Growth factor receptor (EGFR) is the prototype member of the type 1 receptor tyrosine kinases. EGFR overexpression in tumors indicates poor prognosis and is observed in tumors of the head and neck, brain, bladder, stomach, breast, lung, endometrium, cervix, vulva, ovary, esophagus, stomach and in squamous cell carcinoma. EGFR is a receptor for EGF, but also for other members of the EGF family, including TGF- α , amphiregulin, betacellulin, heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor, GP30 and vaccinia virus growth factor. Is involved in the control of cell growth and differentiation.

Application Notes

Titration of the phospho-EGFR antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

This phospho-EGFR antibody was produced from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding pY998 of human EGF Receptor.

Storage

Aliquot the phospho-EGFR antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.