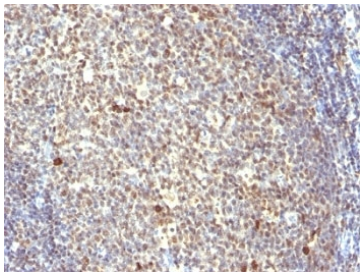
NuMA Antibody [clone SPM300] (V2768)

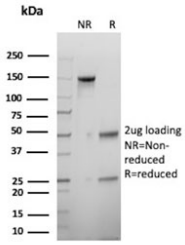
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V2768-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V2768-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V2768SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

Bulk quote request

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgM, kappa
Clone Name	SPM300
Purity	PEG precipitation
UniProt	Q14980
Localization	Nuclear
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE): 1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT
Limitations	This NuMA antibody is available for research use only.



NuMA Antibody Tonsil IHC. Immunohistochemistry analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil stained with NuMA antibody (clone SPM300).



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free NuMA antibody (clone SPM300) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

Description

NuMA Antibody specifically detects a phosphorylated protein of 228kDa, identified as Nuclear mitotic apparatus protein. NuMA is intra-nuclear protein and present in nucleus during interphase. At the onset of mitosis, it redistributes from the nucleus to two centrosomal structures that later will become part of the mitotic spindle pole. After anaphase, the protein redistributes from the spindle polar region into reforming nucleus. NuMA is an essential protein during mitosis for the terminal phases of chromosome separation and/or nuclear reassembly. Recently a study shows that NuMA is cleaved to a 180 to 200kDa during apoptosis. Chromosomal translocation of this gene with the RARA (retinoic acid receptor, alpha) gene on chromosome 17 has been detected in patients with acute promyelocytic leukemia.

Explore additional Cell Cycle Antibodies targeting mitotic spindle proteins, centrosomal regulators, and nuclear division-associated signaling pathways.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the NuMA antibody should be determined by the researcher.

1. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.

Immunogen

Colon carcinoma 174T cells were used as the immunogen for the NuMA antibody.

Storage

Store the NuMA antibody at 2-8oC (with azide) or aliquot and store at -20oC or colder (without azide).

Ordering: Phone: 858.663.9055 | Fax: 1.267.821.0800 | Email: info@nsjbio.com
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