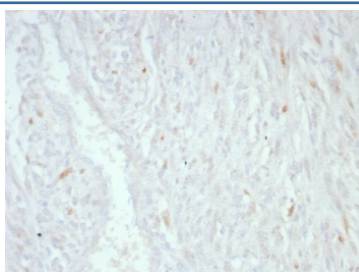


## MDM2 Antibody [clone MDM2/8221] (V4310)

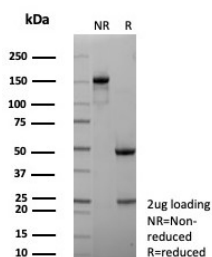
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V4310-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V4310-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V4310SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

[Bulk quote request](#)

<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Format</b>	Purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG2, kappa
<b>Clone Name</b>	MDM2/8221
<b>Purity</b>	Protein A/G affinity
<b>UniProt</b>	Q00987
<b>Localization</b>	Nucleus
<b>Applications</b>	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This MDM2 antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human liposarcoma tissue with MDM2 antibody (clone MDM2/8221). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free MDM2 antibody (clone MDM2/8221) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

## Description

MDM2 is a nuclear phosphoprotein that binds and inhibits transactivation by tumor protein p53. It can promote tumor formation by targeting tumor suppressor proteins, such as p53, for proteasomal degradation. Overexpression of MDM2 can result in excessive inactivation of tumor protein p53, diminishing its tumor suppressor function. This protein also affects the cell cycle, apoptosis, and tumorigenesis through interactions with other proteins, including retinoblastoma 1 and ribosomal protein L5. Overexpression of MDM2 protein is detected in a variety of cancers.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the MDM2 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

A recombinant human MDM2 protein fragment (within amino acids 1-300) was used as the immunogen for the MDM2 antibody.

## Storage

Aliquot the MDM2 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.