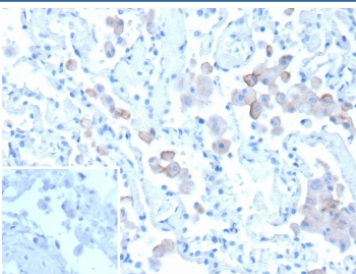


Mannose Receptor Antibody / MRC1 / CD206 [clone MRC1/9457] (V5767)

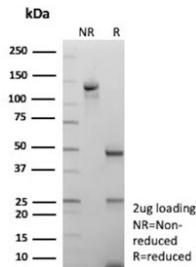
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V5767-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V5767-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V5767SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

[Bulk quote request](#)

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, kappa
Clone Name	MRC1/9457
Purity	Protein G affinity
UniProt	P22897
Localization	Cytoplasm
Applications	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This Mannose Receptor antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human lung tissue with Mannose Receptor antibody (clone MRC1/9457). Inset: PBS used in place of primary Ab (secondary Ab negative control).
HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Mannose Receptor antibody (clone MRC1/9457) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

Description

CD206, also known as macrophage mannose receptor type C (MMR, MRC1L1 and MRC1), is a type I membrane receptor protein. It is an phagocytic and endocytic receptor that can recognize carbohydrate ligands in target molecules. The extracellular portion of the protein includes eight C-type carbohydrate recognition domains (CRD) which are clustered together to achieve higher affinity binding to saccharides. CD206 is found on macrophages and on endothelial cells of the liver and is the only known example of a C-type lectin that contains multiple C-type CRDs. CD206 mediates the endocytosis of glycoproteins by macrophages and binds high-mannose structures on the surface of potentially pathogenic viruses, fungi and bacteria enabling them to be neutralized by phagocytic engulfment. During inflammation, CD206 is crucial for rapid clearance of several mannose-bearing serum glycoproteins but does not regulate the initiation of inflammation. CD206 is primarily expressed in mature tissue macrophages and immature dendritic cells, as well as hepatic and lymphatic endothelial cells, retinal pigmental epithelium (RPE) and mesangial cells.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Mannose Receptor antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 1100-1400 from human Macrophage mannose receptor 1 protein was used as the immunogen for the Mannose Receptor antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the Mannose Receptor antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.