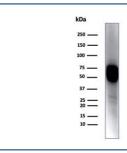


# KRT14 Antibody / Cytokeratin 14 / CK14 [clone KRT14/4128] (V4032)

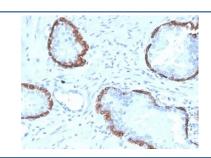
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V4032-100UG	0.2~mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V4032-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V4032SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

### **Bulk quote request**

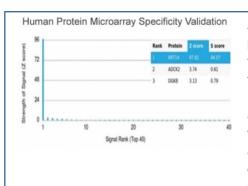
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
Clone Name	KRT14/4128
Purity	Protein A/G affinity
UniProt	P02533
Localization	Cytoplasm
Applications	Western Blot : 1-2ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
Limitations	This KRT14 antibody is available for research use only.



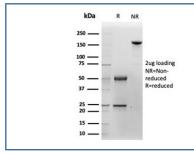
Western blot testing of A431 cell lysate with KRT14 antibody (clone KRT14/4128). Predicted molecular weight  $\sim$ 53 kDa.



IHC staining of FFPE human prostate tissue with KRT14 antibody (clone KRT14/4128). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Analysis of HuProt(TM) microarray containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using KRT14 antibody (clone KRT14/4128). These results demonstrate the foremost specificity of the KRT14/4128 mAb. Z- and S- score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that an antibody (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary Ab) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt(TM) array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If the targets on the HuProt(TM) are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-scores. The S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of an Ab to its intended target.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free KRT14 antibody (clone KRT14/4128) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

#### **Description**

Cytokeratin 14 is a member of the type I keratin family of intermediate filament proteins. It always pairs with the type II keratin K5 and form the primary keratin pair of the keratinocytes of stratified squamous epithelia, including the epidermis as well as mucosal non-keratinizing stratified squamous epithelia. Cytokeratin 14 is strongly expressed in the undifferentiated basal cell layer containing the stem cells and are down-regulated in the differentiating suprabasal cell layers. Otherwise, in the widely well stratified follicular outer root sheath, cytokeratin 14 is uniformly expressed throughout all layers. The expression spectrum of cytokeratin 14 in tumors corresponds well to the patterns in normal epithelia. Thus, most squamous cell carcinomas as well as malignant mesotheliomas strongly express this keratin whereas little, focal, or no expression is found in adenocarcinomas. Cytokeratin 14 may be a useful marker in the differential diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma from other epithelial tumors. Recent studies also indicate that CK14 expression in breast cancer corresponded with poor clinical outcome and that CK14 may have diagnostic value in the sub-classification of NSCLC.

## **Application Notes**

Optimal dilution of the KRT14 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

#### **Immunogen**

A portion of amino acids 350-472 was used as the immunogen for the KRT14 antibody.

## **Storage**

Aliquot the KRT14 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.