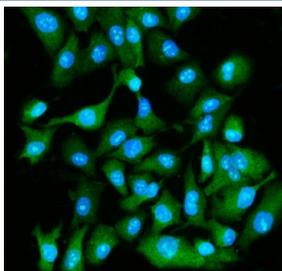


## EIF5A Antibody (RQ6620)

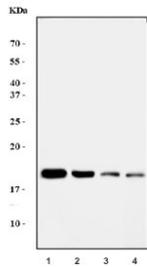
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ6620	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

### Bulk quote request

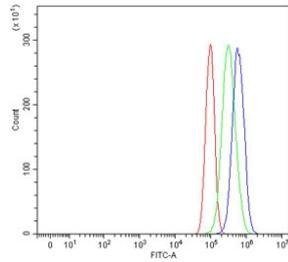
<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Format</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Purity</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Buffer</b>	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose
<b>UniProt</b>	P63241
<b>Localization</b>	Cytoplasmic, nuclear
<b>Applications</b>	Western Blot : 1-2ug/ml Immunofluorescence (FFPE) : 5ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells Direct ELISA : 0.1-0.5ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This EIF5A antibody is available for research use only.



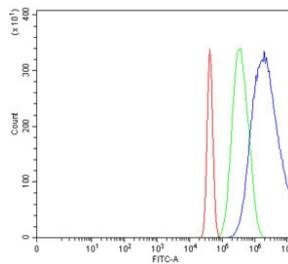
Immunofluorescent staining of FFPE human A549 cells with EIF5A antibody (green) and DAPI nuclear stain (blue). HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min.



Western blot testing of 1) human HeLa, 2) human Jurkat, 3) rat kidney and 4) mouse kidney tissue lysate with EIF5A antibody. Predicted molecular weight: ~20 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of human PC-3 cells with EIF5A antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= EIF5A antibody.



Flow cytometry testing of mouse ANA-1 cells with EIF5A antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= EIF5A antibody.

## Description

Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5A-1 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the EIF5A gene. Eukaryotic initiation factor 5A (eIF5A) is an mRNA-binding protein that is involved in translation elongation and plays an important role in promoting translation of polyproline motifs. The eIF5A (eIF5A1) and eIF5A2 genes encode the two vertebrate eIF5A isoforms. While eIF5A1 is expressed constitutively in all tissues, eIF5A2 is mainly expressed in gonads. eIF5A and eIF5A2 are the only identified proteins that contain the distinctive amino acid hypusine, which is generated posttranslationally from lysine through a highly conserved polyamine metabolism pathway. eIF5A function and hypusine modification are both essential for cell proliferation, as knock down of eIF5A expression or blocking eIF5A hypusine modification suppresses cancer cell proliferation. Interestingly, eIF5A is an identified component of a tumor suppressor network of the polyamine-hypusine axis. Co-suppression of both eIF5A and adenosylmethionine decarboxylase 1 (AMD1) promotes lymphomagenesis in mice, while heterozygous deletions of the corresponding AMD1 and eIF5A genes often occur together in human lymphomas.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the EIF5A antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Recombinant human protein (amino acids E107-K154) was used as the immunogen for the EIF5A antibody.

## Storage

After reconstitution, the EIF5A antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

