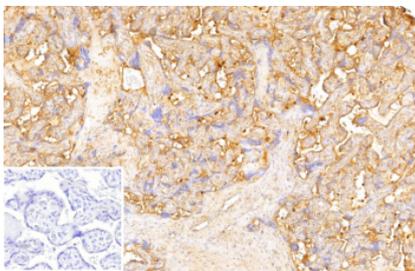


## DR3 Ligand Antibody / TNFRSF25 Ligand / VEGI [clone VEGI/13117] (V6048)

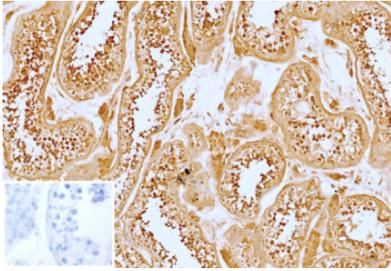
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V6048-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V6048-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.05% BSA, 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V6048SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug

### Bulk quote request

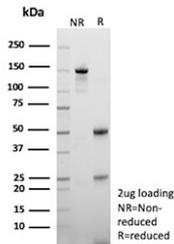
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Format</b>	Purified
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
<b>Clone Name</b>	VEGI/13117
<b>UniProt</b>	O95150
<b>Localization</b>	Membrane, Secreted
<b>Applications</b>	Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This DR3 Ligand/TNFRSF25 Ligand antibody is available for research use only.



Immunohistochemistry of DR3 Ligand antibody in human placenta tissue. FFPE human placenta shows strong membranous and cytoplasmic HRP-DAB brown staining within trophoblastic epithelial cells lining chorionic villi, consistent with TNFRSF25 ligand / TNFSF15 expression in placental and endothelial-associated compartments. Clone VEGI/13117 was used as a monoclonal antibody for detection. An inset image shows PBS substituted for the primary antibody as a negative control, demonstrating absence of specific staining. Heat-induced epitope retrieval was performed by heating sections in 10 mM Tris with 1 mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 minutes at 95°C followed by cooling at room temperature for 20 minutes prior to staining.



Immunohistochemistry of DR3 Ligand antibody in human testis tissue. FFPE human testis demonstrates cytoplasmic and membranous HRP-DAB brown staining within seminiferous tubule epithelial cells, including spermatogenic cells at varying stages of maturation, consistent with TNFRSF25 ligand / TNFSF15 expression in immune-regulatory and paracrine signaling contexts. Clone VEGI/13117 was used as a monoclonal antibody for detection. An inset image shows PBS substituted for the primary antibody as a negative control, confirming absence of specific staining. Heat-induced epitope retrieval was performed by heating sections in 10 mM Tris with 1 mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 minutes at 95°C followed by cooling at room temperature for 20 minutes prior to staining.



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified DR3 Ligand/TNFRSF25 Ligand antibody (VEGI/13117). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

## Description

DR3 Ligand antibody recognizes Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 15, also known as TNFSF15, VEGI, and TL1A, a cytokine that functions as the cognate ligand for Death Receptor 3, encoded by the TNFRSF25 gene. As the TNFRSF25 ligand, this protein plays a central role in immune regulation and inflammatory signaling. DR3 Ligand Antibody is developed to detect endogenous TNFSF15 in research applications focused on receptor-ligand biology and T cell activation pathways.

TNFRSF25, commonly referred to as DR3, is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily expressed on T lymphocytes and other immune cell populations. Binding of its ligand triggers downstream signaling cascades involving NF- $\kappa$ B activation and apoptosis-related pathways. Through this interaction, the TNFRSF25 ligand regulates T helper cell expansion, cytokine production, and adaptive immune responses. Dysregulated signaling in this pathway has been implicated in autoimmune disease, chronic inflammation, and immune-mediated tissue injury.

The gene encoding DR3 Ligand, TNFSF15, is located on chromosome 9q32 and produces a type II transmembrane protein that can be proteolytically cleaved to generate a soluble cytokine form. Expression has been documented in endothelial cells, antigen-presenting cells, and inflamed tissues. In addition to immune activation, the protein historically described as Vascular endothelial growth inhibitor exhibits anti-angiogenic properties, linking receptor-mediated immune signaling with vascular remodeling processes.

Altered TNFSF15 expression has been associated with inflammatory bowel disease, rheumatoid arthritis, and tumor-associated immune modulation. In oncologic contexts, VEGI has been investigated for its ability to influence tumor angiogenesis and immune microenvironment dynamics. These dual immune and vascular functions make DR3 Ligand a critical mediator at the interface of inflammation and endothelial biology.

Clone VEGI/13117 is a monoclonal antibody that recognizes the TNFRSF25 ligand and supports studies of DR3-mediated signaling, cytokine regulation, and immune pathway modulation in diverse experimental systems.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the DR3 Ligand/TNFRSF25 Ligand antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

A recombinant fragment (around amino acids 100-251) of human VEGI protein (exact sequence is proprietary) was used as the immunogen for the DR3 Ligand/TNFRSF25 Ligand antibody.

## **Storage**

DR3 Ligand/TNFRSF25 Ligand antibody with sodium azide - store at 2 to 8oC; antibody without sodium azide - store at -20 to -80oC.