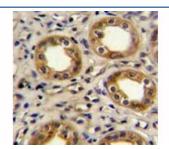


CXCR3 Antibody (F40514)

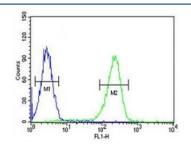
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
F40514-0.4ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.4 ml
F40514-0.08ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.08 ml

Bulk quote request

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Purity	Antigen affinity
UniProt	P49682
Applications	Western Blot : 1:1000 IHC (Paraffin) : 1:50-1:100 Flow Cytometry : 1:10-1:50
Limitations	This CXCR3 antibody is available for research use only.



CXCR3 antibody immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human kidney tissue.



CXCR3 antibody flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (green) compared to a <u>negative</u> <u>control</u> (blue). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary Ab was used for the analysis.

Description

This gene encodes a G protein-coupled receptor with selectivity for three chemokines, termed IP10 (interferon-g-inducible 10 kDa protein), Mig (monokine induced by interferon-g) and I-TAC (interferon-inducible T cell a-chemoattractant). IP10, Mig and I-TAC belong to the structural subfamily of CXC chemokines, in which a single amino acid residue separates the first two of four highly conserved Cys residues. Binding of chemokines to this protein induces cellular responses that are involved in leukocyte traffic, most notably integrin activation, cytoskeletal changes and chemotactic migration. Inhibition by Bordetella pertussis toxin suggests that heterotrimeric G protein of the Gi-subclass couple to this protein. Signal transduction has not been further analyzed but may include the same enzymes that were identified in the signaling cascade induced by other chemokine receptors. As a consequence of chemokine-induced cellular desensitization (phosphorylation-dependent receptor internalization), cellular responses are typically rapid and short in duration. Cellular responsiveness is restored after dephosphorylation of intracellular receptors and subsequent recycling to the cell surface. This gene is prominently expressed in in vitro cultured effector/memory T cells, and in T cells present in many types of inflamed tissues. In addition, IP10, Mig and I-TAC are commonly produced by local cells in inflammatory lesion, suggesting that this gene and its chemokines participate in the recruitment of inflammatory cells. Therefore, this protein is a target for the development of small molecular weight antagonists, which may be used in the treatment of diverse inflammatory diseases. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Application Notes

Titration of the CXCR3 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 140-167 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this CXCR3 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the CXCR3 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.