

CD59 Antibody [clone 193-27] (V3020)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
V3020-100UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	100 ug
V3020-20UG	0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced) and 0.05% sodium azide	20 ug
V3020SAF-100UG	1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free	100 ug



Citations (3)

Bulk quote request

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Purified
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgM, kappa
Clone Name	193-27
Purity	PEG precipitation
UniProt	P13987
Localization	Plasma membrane, cytoplasm
Applications	Functional Studies (order BSA/sodium Azide-free Format) : Flow Cytometry : 0.5-1ug/10 ⁶ cells Immunofluorescence : 0.5-1ug/ml
Limitations	This CD59 antibody is available for research use only.



Description

Reacts with human CD59, a 20kDa glycosyl phosphatidyl-inositol (GPI)-anchored cell surface protein (Workshop VI; Code N-L036). CD59 regulates complement-mediated cell lysis, and it is involved in lymphocyte signal transduction. This protein is a potent inhibitor of the complement membrane attack complex, whereby it binds complement C8 and/or C9 during the assembly of this complex, thereby inhibiting the incorporation of multiple copies of C9 into the complex, which is necessary for osmolytic pore formation. CD59 is widely distributed on cells in all tissues. It inhibits formation of MAC, thus protecting cells from complement-mediated lysis. The expression of CD59 on erythrocytes is important for their survival. Genetic defects in GPI-anchor attachment, that cause a reduction or loss of CD59 and CD55 on erythrocytes produce the symptoms of the disease paroxysmal hemoglobinuria (PNH). This mAb recognizes CD59 transfected cells. It is useful for study on GPI-anchored proteins, PNH and CD59 functions.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the CD59 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Stimulated human leukocytes were used as the immunogen for the CD59 antibody.

Storage

Store the CD59 antibody at 2-8oC (with azide) or aliquot and store at -20oC or colder (without azide).