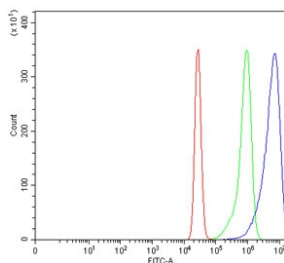


## Caspase-8 Antibody / CASP8 (RQ6952)

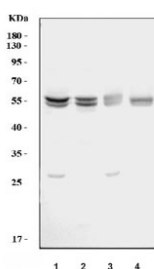
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ6952	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

[Bulk quote request](#)

<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Format</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Purity</b>	Antigen affinity purified
<b>Buffer</b>	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose
<b>UniProt</b>	Q14790
<b>Applications</b>	Western Blot : 0.5-1 ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells Direct ELISA : 0.1-0.5ug/ml
<b>Limitations</b>	This Caspase-8 antibody is available for research use only.



Flow cytometry testing of human K562 cells with Caspase-8 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= Caspase-8 antibody.



Western blot testing of human 1) HepG2, 2) Jurkat, 3) Raji and 4) K562 cell lysate with Caspase-8 antibody. Predicted molecular weight ~55 kDa (Pro form).

## Description

CASP8 is also known as CAP4, MACH or MCH5. This gene encodes a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes composed of a prodomain, a large protease subunit, and a small protease subunit. Activation of caspases requires proteolytic processing at conserved internal aspartic residues to generate a heterodimeric enzyme consisting of the large and small subunits. This protein is involved in the programmed cell death induced by Fas and various apoptotic stimuli. The N-terminal FADD-like death effector domain of this protein suggests that it may interact with Fas-interacting protein FADD. In addition, this protein was detected in the insoluble fraction of the affected brain region from Huntington disease patients but not in those from normal controls, which implicated the role in neurodegenerative diseases. Many alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described, although not all variants have had their full-length sequences determined.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Caspase-8 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Recombinant human protein (amino acids S217-D479) was used as the immunogen for the Caspase-8 antibody. This sequence includes both the large and small subunit domains.

## Storage

After reconstitution, the Caspase-8 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.