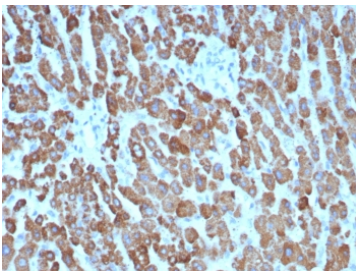


## Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase Antibody / CPS1 [clone CPS1/8416] (V4939)

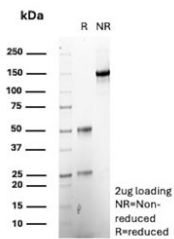
| Catalog No.    | Formulation   | Size   |
|----------------|---|--------|
| V4939-100UG    | 0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide | 100 ug |
| V4939-20UG     | 0.2 mg/ml in 1X PBS with 0.1 mg/ml BSA (US sourced), 0.05% sodium azide | 20 ug  |
| V4939SAF-100UG | 1 mg/ml in 1X PBS; BSA free, sodium azide free                          | 100 ug |

### Bulk quote request

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Availability</b>       | 1-3 business days  |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b> | Human  |
| <b>Format</b>             | Purified   |
| <b>Host</b>               | Mouse  |
| <b>Clonality</b>          | Monoclonal (mouse origin)  |
| <b>Isotype</b>            | Mouse IgG1, kappa  |
| <b>Clone Name</b>         | CPS1/8416  |
| <b>Purity</b>             | Protein A/G affinity   |
| <b>UniProt</b>            | P31327   |
| <b>Localization</b>       | Finely granular cytoplasmic  |
| <b>Applications</b>       | Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 1-2ug/ml for 30 min at RT                          |
| <b>Limitations</b>        | This Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase antibody is available for research use only. |



Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase Antibody Hepatocellular Carcinoma IHC. Immunohistochemistry staining of FFPE human hepatocellular carcinoma tissue with CPS1 antibody (clone CPS1/8416). HIER: boil tissue sections in pH 9 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



SDS-PAGE analysis of purified, BSA-free Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase antibody (clone CPS1/8416) as confirmation of integrity and purity.

## Description

This mAb recognizes a protein of 165kDa, identified as carbamoyl phosphate synthetase 1 (CPS1). This mitochondrial enzyme catalyzes synthesis of carbamoyl phosphate from ammonia and bicarbonate. This reaction is the first committed step of the urea cycle, which is important in the removal of excess urea from cells. Deficiency of CPS1 is an autosomal recessive disorder that causes hyperammonemia. CPS1 is a hepatocyte specific protein that localizes to the mitochondria of hepatocytes. It is a sensitive marker for distinguishing hepatocellular carcinomas (HCC) from other metastatic carcinomas as well as cholangio-carcinomas. HCCs occur primarily in the stomach, but they are also found in many other organs. CPS1 may also be a useful marker for intestinal metaplasia. Reportedly, strong expression of CPS1 correlates with smaller tumor size and longer patient survival. Occasionally, CPS1 is also found in gastric carcinomas as well as in a few other non-hepatic tumors.

For a validated reference of CPS1 expression in liver and hepatocellular tumors, see the [CPS1 antibody clone CPS1/9859](#) with supporting IHC and western blot data.

## Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase antibody should be determined by the researcher.

## Immunogen

Recombinant human CPS1 protein was used as the immunogen for the Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase antibody.

## Storage

Aliquot the Carbamoyl-Phosphate Synthetase antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.