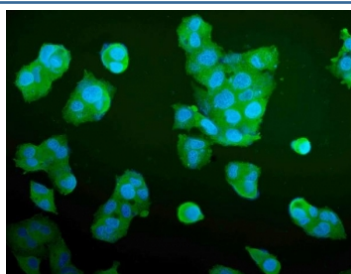


ALDOA Antibody / Aldolase A [clone 6H8] (RQ6227)

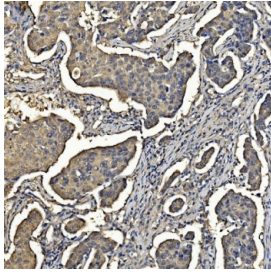
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ6227	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

Bulk quote request

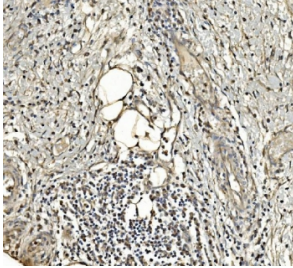
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal (mouse origin)
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Clone Name	6H8
Purity	Affinity purified
Buffer	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose
UniProt	P04075
Applications	Western Blot : 1-2ug/ml Immunohistochemistry (FFPE) : 2-5ug/ml Immunofluorescence : 5ug/ml Flow Cytometry : 1-3ug/million cells
Limitations	This ALDOA antibody is available for research use only.



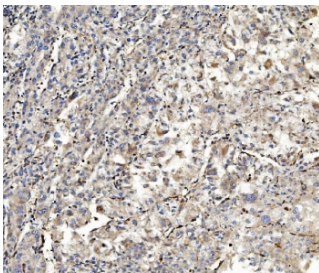
Immunofluorescent staining of FFPE human HepG2 cells with ALDOA antibody (green) and DAPI nuclear stain (blue). HIER: steam section in pH6 citrate buffer for 20 min.



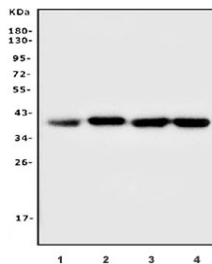
IHC staining of FFPE human breast cancer with ALDOA antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



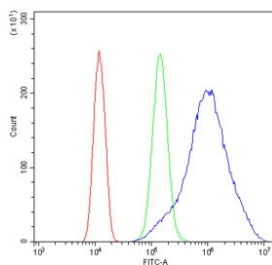
IHC staining of FFPE human rectal cancer with ALDOA antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



IHC staining of FFPE human liver cancer with ALDOA antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Western blot testing of human 1) HepG2, 2) A549, 3) PC-3 and 4) HEK293 cell lysate with ALDOA antibody. Predicted molecular weight ~39 kDa.



Flow cytometry testing of human SiHa cells with ALDOA antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= ALDOA antibody.

Description

Aldolase A (ALDOA, or ALDA), also known as fructose-bisphosphate aldolase, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ALDOA gene on chromosome 16. This gene encodes a member of the class I fructose-bisphosphate aldolase protein family. The encoded protein is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different genes, are differentially expressed during development. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Glycogen Storage Disease XII, an autosomal recessive disorder associated with hemolytic anemia. Disruption of this gene also plays a role in the progression of multiple types of cancers. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 3 and 10.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the ALDOA antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

A human recombinant partial protein (amino acids E50-Y364) was used as the immunogen for the ALDOA antibody.

Storage

After reconstitution, the ALDOA antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.