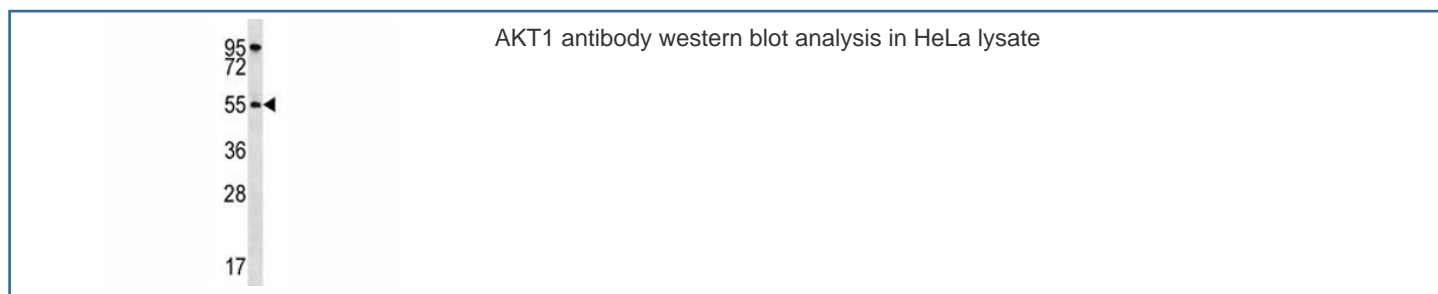


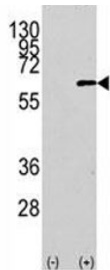
## AKT1 Antibody (F50139)

| Catalog No.   | Formulation                                | Size    |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F50139-0.4ML  | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml  |
| F50139-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

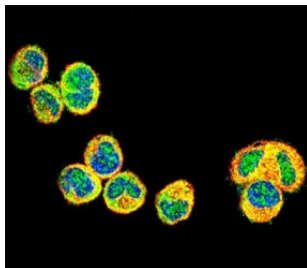
[Bulk quote request](#)

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>Availability</b>         | 1-3 business days  |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b>   | Human  |
| <b>Predicted Reactivity</b> | Mouse, Bovine  |
| <b>Format</b>               | Antigen affinity purified  |
| <b>Clonality</b>            | Polyclonal (rabbit origin)   |
| <b>Isotype</b>              | Rabbit Ig  |
| <b>Purity</b>               | Antigen affinity   |
| <b>UniProt</b>              | P31749   |
| <b>Applications</b>         | Western Blot : 1:1000<br>IHC (Paraffin) : 1:50-1:100<br>Immunofluorescence : 1:10-1:50<br>Flow Cytometry : 1:10-1:50 |
| <b>Limitations</b>          | This AKT1 antibody is available for research use only.   |

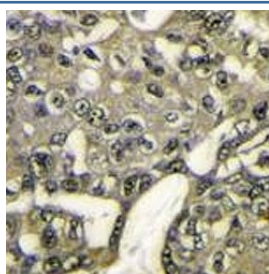




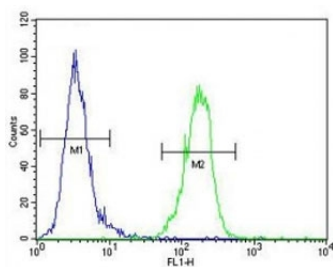
Western blot analysis of AKT1 antibody and 293 cell lysate (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the human gene (2).



IF testing of AKT1 antibody with MDA-MB435 cells followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). Actin filaments stained red; DAPI nuclear counterstain (blue).



IHC analysis of FFPE human breast carcinoma stained with AKT1 antibody



AKT1 antibody flow cytometric analysis of MDA-MB435 cells (green) compared to a negative control (blue).

## Description

AKT1 is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. It and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery.

## Application Notes

The stated application concentrations are suggested starting amounts. Titration of the AKT1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

## Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 115-144 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this AKT1 antibody.

## Storage

Store at 4°C for up to one month. For long term, aliquot the AKT1 antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.