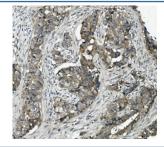


ABCC5 Antibody / MRP5 (RQ5789)

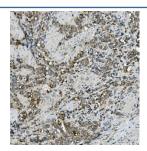
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
RQ5789	0.5mg/ml if reconstituted with 0.2ml sterile DI water	100 ug

Bulk quote request

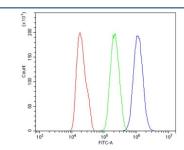
Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purity	Affinity purified
Buffer	Lyophilized from 1X PBS with 2% Trehalose and 0.025% sodium azide
UniProt	O15440
Applications	Immunohistochemistry: 1-2ug/ml Flow Cytometry: 1-3ug/million cells Direct ELISA: 0.1-0.5ug/ml
Limitations	This ABCC5 antibody is available for research use only.



IHC staining of FFPE human breast cancer with ABCC5 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



IHC staining of FFPE human gastric cancer with ABCC5 antibody. HIER: boil tissue sections in pH8 EDTA for 20 min and allow to cool before testing.



Flow cytometry testing of human PC-3 cells with ABCC5 antibody at 1ug/million cells (blocked with goat sera); Red=cells alone, Green=isotype control, Blue= ABCC5 antibody.

Description

Multidrug resistance-associated protein 5 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ABCC5 gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This protein functions in the cellular export of its substrate, cyclic nucleotides. This export contributes to the degradation of phosphodiesterases and possibly an elimination pathway for cyclic nucleotides. Studies show that this protein provides resistance to thiopurine anticancer drugs, 6-mercatopurine and thioguanine, and the anti-HIV drug 9-(2-phosphonylmethoxyethyl)adenine. This protein may be involved in resistance to thiopurines in acute lymphoblastic leukemia and antiretroviral nucleoside analogs in HIV-infected patients. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

Application Notes

Optimal dilution of the ABCC5 antibody should be determined by the researcher.

Immunogen

Recombinant human protein (amino acids K647-D1409) was used as the immunogen for the ABCC5 antibody.

Storage

After reconstitution, the ABCC5 antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4oC. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20oC. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.