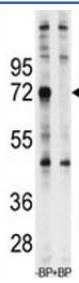


## Ubiquilin1 Antibody (F40117)

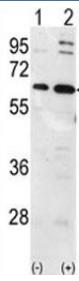
Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
F40117-0.4ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.4 ml
F40117-0.08ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.08 ml

**Bulk quote request**

<b>Availability</b>	1-3 business days
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Predicted Reactivity</b>	Rat
<b>Format</b>	Purified
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit Ig
<b>Purity</b>	Purified
<b>UniProt</b>	Q9UMX0
<b>Applications</b>	Western Blot : 1:1000
<b>Limitations</b>	This Ubiquilin1 antibody is available for research use only.



Western blot analysis of Ubiquilin-1 antibody pre-incubated with and without blocking peptide in Jurkat lysate



Western blot analysis of Ubiquilin-1 antibody and 293 cell lysate (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the Ubiquilin1 gene (2).

## Description

Ubiquilin 1 (UBQLN1), also known as DA41, was isolated from an adult rat lung cDNA library, and encodes a cellular protein that associates with DAN.1 DAN expression is reduced in rat fibroblast 3Y1 cells transformed with mouse sarcoma virus and in rodent fibroblasts transformed with a variety of oncogenes. The DAN-DA41 interaction is mediated through the N-terminal domain and a cysteine-knot region of DAN. Human DA41 encodes a 589-amino acid protein with 86% amino acid sequence identity with rat protein.2 DA41 expression is regulated in a cell cycle-dependent manner. PLIC1 and PLIC2 (UBQLN2) are homologs of the mouse Plics (proteins linking integrin-associated protein (IAP) and cytoskeleton) and the yeast Dsk2 protein. PLIC1, also called UBQLN1, shares 72% amino acid identity with PLIC2,3 Two motifs are conserved in the mammalian PLICs and yeast Dsk2, an N-terminal ubiquitin-like (UBL) domain and a C-terminal ubiquitin-associated (UBA) domain. Unlike ubiquitin, the UBL domain of the PLICs does not have a diglycine motif in its C terminus. The UBA domain is present in multiple enzyme classes of the ubiquitination machinery. Human PLICs associate with both proteasomes and ubiquitin ligases in large complexes. Overexpression of PLICs impairs the in vivo degradation of 2 unrelated ubiquitin-dependent proteasome substrates, p53 and I-kappa-B-alpha (NFKBIA), but not a ubiquitin-independent substrate. PLICs may link the ubiquitination machinery to the proteasome to affect in vivo protein degradation. The DA41 gene maps to chromosome 9q21.2-q21.3, a position overlapping a candidate tumor suppressor locus for bladder cancer.2

## Application Notes

Titration of the Ubiquilin1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

## Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 40-70 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this Ubiquilin1 antibody.

## Storage

Aliquot the Ubiquilin1 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.