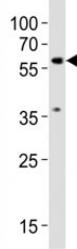


## SMAD2 Antibody (F53216)

| Catalog No.   | Formulation                                | Size    |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F53216-0.4ML  | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml  |
| F53216-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

**Bulk quote request**

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Availability       | 1-3 business days                                       |
| Species Reactivity | Mouse   |
| Format             | Antigen affinity purified                               |
| Host               | Rabbit  |
| Clonality          | Polyclonal (rabbit origin)                              |
| Isotype            | Rabbit Ig   |
| Purity             | Antigen affinity  |
| UniProt            | Q15796  |
| Applications       | Western Blot : 1:1000                                   |
| Limitations        | This SMAD2 antibody is available for research use only. |



Western blot testing of SMAD2 antibody at 1:1000 dilution + NIH3T3 lysate; Predicted molecular weight: 52~60 kDa.

### Description

SMAD2 is a receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. [UniProt]

### Application Notes

Titration of the SMAD2 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

## Immunogen

This SMAD2 antibody was produced from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 106-140 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SMAD2.

## Storage

Aliquot the SMAD2 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.