nSJ Bioreagents
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SMAD1 Antibody (F47786)

Catalog No.	Formulation	Size
F47786-0.4ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.4 ml
F47786-0.08ML	In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide	0.08 ml

Bulk quote request

Availability	1-3 business days
Species Reactivity	Human
Predicted Reactivity	Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Chicken, Zebrafish
Format	Antigen affinity purified
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal (rabbit origin)
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Purity	Antigen affinity
UniProt	Q15797
Applications	Western Blot : 1:1000
Limitations	This SMAD1 antibody is available for research use only.
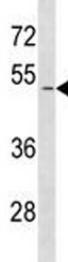
SMAD1 antibody western blot analysis in HeLa lysate. Predicted molecular weight: 52~60 kDa.

Description

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be

phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed.

Application Notes

Titration of the SMAD1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 1-30 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this SMAD1 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the SMAD1 antibody and store frozen at -20oC or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.