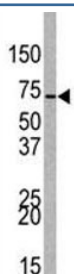


EZH1 Antibody (F48072)

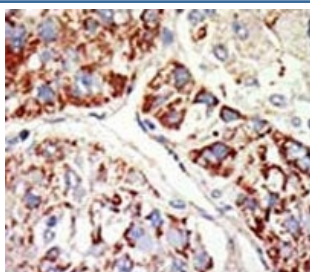
| Catalog No. | Formulation | Size |
|---------------|--|---------|
| F48072-0.4ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.4 ml |
| F48072-0.08ML | In 1X PBS, pH 7.4, with 0.09% sodium azide | 0.08 ml |

[Bulk quote request](#)

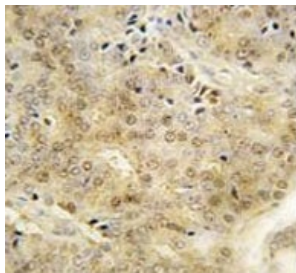
| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Availability | 1-3 business days |
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted Reactivity | Bovine |
| Format | Purified |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal (rabbit origin) |
| Isotype | Rabbit Ig |
| Purity | Purified |
| UniProt | Q92800 |
| Applications | Western Blot : 1:1000 IHC (Paraffin) : 1:50-1:100 |
| Limitations | This EZH1 antibody is available for research use only. |



Western blot analysis of EZH1 antibody and 293 lysate. Predicted molecular weight ~85kDa.



IHC analysis of FFPE human hepatocarcinoma tissue stained with the EZH1 antibody



IHC analysis of FFPE human prostate carcinoma tissue stained with EZH1 antibody

Description

EZH1 encodes a protein of 747 amino acids that displays 55% amino acid identity overall with the *Drosophila* homolog.¹ The strong sequence conservation suggested potential roles for EZH1 in human development as a transcriptional regulator and as a component of protein complexes that preserve heterochromatin stability. EZH1 is expressed as 2 major transcripts in all adult and fetal human tissues evaluated. Analysis of an EZH1 cDNA revealed an unusual splicing event involving EZH1 and a tandemly linked gene GPR2 and suggested a potential mechanism for modifying the EZH1 protein in the conserved C-terminal domain. The GPR2 gene maps to 17q21.1-q21.3 in the vicinity of the BRCA1 gene.

Application Notes

Titration of the EZH1 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and secondary/substrate sensitivity.

Immunogen

A portion of amino acids 393-422 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this EZH1 antibody.

Storage

Aliquot the EZH1 antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.